

# C.U.SHAH UNIVERSITY

## Summer Examination-2016

Subject Name : Organic Chemistry-II

Subject Code : 4SC06CHC2

Branch: B.Sc.(Chemistry)

Semester : 6 Date : 09/05/2016

Time : 02:30 To 05:30

Marks : 70

Instructions:

- (1) Use of Programmable calculator & any other electronic instrument is prohibited.
  - (2) Instructions written on main answer book are strictly to be obeyed.
  - (3) Draw neat diagrams and figures (if necessary) at right places.
  - (4) Assume suitable data if needed.
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- Q-1 Attempt the following questions: (14)**
- Give the general formula of aldehydes and ketones and state the type of hybridization of carbonyl carbon atom. **1**
  - What are hydrocarbons? Give the classification of hydrocarbons on the basis of structure. **1**
  - Complete the following reaction: **1**
  
  - Which product is obtained by the oxidation of primary alcohols? State with example. **1**
  - What is cross Cannizaro reaction? **1**
  - Draw the structure of *p*-dinitrobenzene and *m*-nitrotoluene. **1**
  - Give IUPAC nomenclature of the following: **1**
  
  - Give the resonance structures of chlorobenzene **1**
  - Give any two reasons for low reactivity of aryl and vinyl halides towards nucleophilic substitution reactions. **1**
  - What is Reimer-Tiemann reaction? **1**
  - Give the structure and names of all possible isomeric dibromobenzenes. **1**
  - What is energy of activation? **1**
  - Complete the following reaction. **1**
  
  - Define inhibitors. **1**



**Attempt any four questions from Q-2 to Q-8**

<b>Q-2</b>	<b>Attempt all questions</b>	<b>(14)</b>
	a. Give any 3 methods of preparation of aryl halides.	<b>6</b>
	b. Explain Aldol condensation with its mechanism.	<b>5</b>
	c. Why aldehydes are generally more reactive than ketones in nucleophilic addition reactions?	<b>3</b>
<b>Q-3</b>	<b>Attempt all questions</b>	<b>(14)</b>
	a. Explain the addition of cyanide to ketones and aldehydes.	<b>7</b>
	b. Explain Cannizzaro reaction with its mechanism.	<b>7</b>
<b>Q-4</b>	<b>Attempt all questions</b>	<b>(14)</b>
	a. Explain Kekule structure of benzene. Also discuss the orbital picture of benzene.	<b>7</b>
	b. What is Huckel's $(4n+2)\pi$ rule? Discuss naphthalene as polynuclear aromatic hydrocarbon.	<b>7</b>
<b>Q-5</b>	<b>Attempt all questions</b>	<b>(14)</b>
	a. Explain elimination-addition mechanism for nucleophilic aromatic substitution via Benzyne.	<b>7</b>
	b. Explain bimolecular displacement for nucleophilic aromatic substitution in aryl halides with mechanism.	<b>7</b>
<b>Q-6</b>	<b>Attempt all questions</b>	<b>(14)</b>
	a. Give the preparation of aldehydes and ketones.	<b>7</b>
	b. Explain reduction reactions of carbonyl group in ketones. Also give the formation of acetals.	<b>7</b>
<b>Q-7</b>	<b>Attempt all questions</b>	<b>(14)</b>
	a. Give the reactions of methane. Explain chain reaction mechanism for chlorination of methane.	<b>6</b>
	b. Explain the structure of methyl radical.	<b>4</b>
	c. Give the source, structure and physical properties of methane.	<b>4</b>
<b>Q-8</b>	<b>Attempt all questions</b>	<b>(14)</b>
	a. Explain Dumas method and Kjeldahl's method for quantitative analysis of nitrogen.	<b>6</b>
	b. Discuss the stability of benzene ring. Give the chemical reactions of benzene.	<b>5</b>
	c. Complete the following reactions:	<b>3</b>

